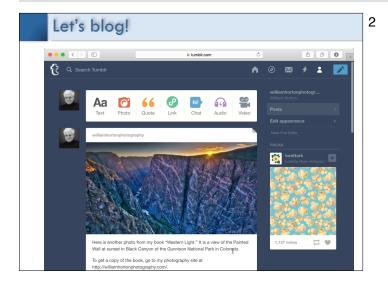


So you want to blog? How do you get started?

That's what we will talk about today. We'll talk about how to choose a tool, prepare your content, write your first post, and branch out and do more with your blog.

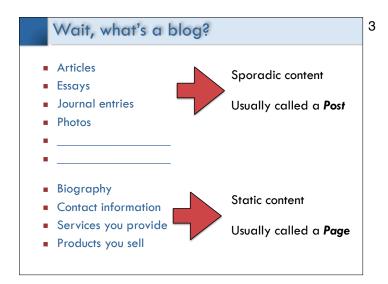


Let's just blog!

I'm in the edit view of a tool called Tumblr. Have any of you heard of Tumblr?

I'm going to create a photo post - that is, I want to create an entry about a photo.

To do that, I will click the photo button and choose the photo I want to use. I will write a little bit about this photo. Then, I will review my new post to see how it will appear to the viewer. Finally, I will publish my post so that it appears to viewers of my blog.



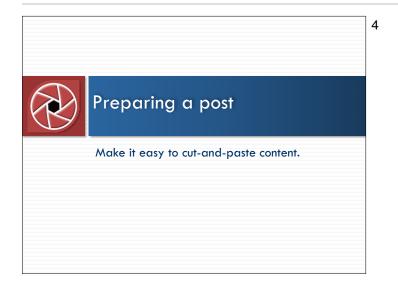
Wait, do we all know what a blog is?

A blog can be a collection of articles, essays, journal entries, photos, travelogue, or maybe even a novel serialization.

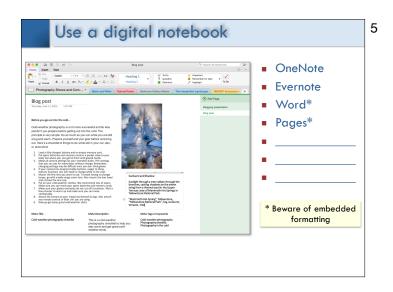
This content is sporadic and such entries are usually referred to as POSTs.

A blog can have other kinds of information, too, such as your bio, contact information, services you provide, and perhaps a store with products.

This content is more static and these entries are usually called PAGEs.

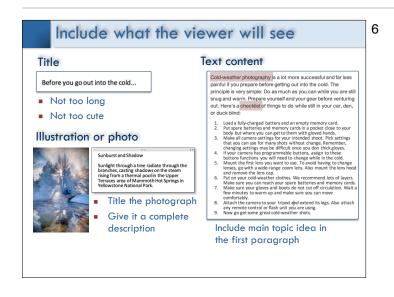


Here are some tips for making it easy to gather your content (both text and visuals) so that you can simply cut-andpaste the content into your blog tool.



Use a digital notebook, such as Microsoft OneNote (That's what I'm using in this example.), Evernote, Microsoft Word, or maybe Apple Pages. Can you think of any other tools?

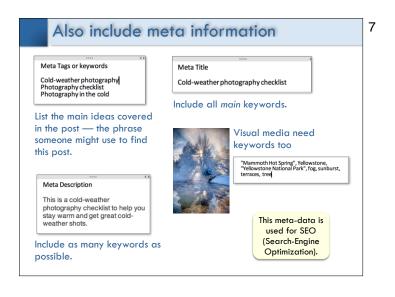
I've put an asterisk next to Word and Pages because you may need to make an extra effort to keep built-in formatting from mucking up the appearance of your blog entry.



Include everything the viewer will see. For each entry include a title that is not too long and not too cute.

Write the text content. Be sure to include the main idea of your entry in the first paragraph. In this example, "cold-weather photography" and "checklist" are right in the beginning of the entry.

Place the illustration or photo for your entry right in your notebook. Make sure your graphics are ready to go, that is edited and sized. Give each graphic a title and description. How you use this information will differ with each blogging tool.



There is more information you should include with your entry that your viewers won't necessarily see, such as meta-tags or keywords.

For these, list the main ideas covered in the post, using the phrases someone might use to find this post.

Give your entry a meta-title. This title may differ from the one the viewer sees. Try to include the most important keywords.

Compose a meta-description that search engines will display in a list of results. Include as many keywords as possible in this description.

Don't forget about your graphics. Give



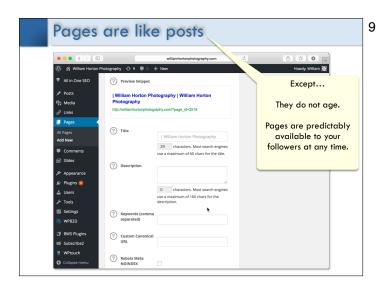
The content and meta-data is ready to be transferred to the blog.

Let's see how this process looks in WordPress, one of the blogging tools we will discuss a bit later.

Here is the post form. I'll fill in this form by cutting-and-pasting text from the digital notebook.

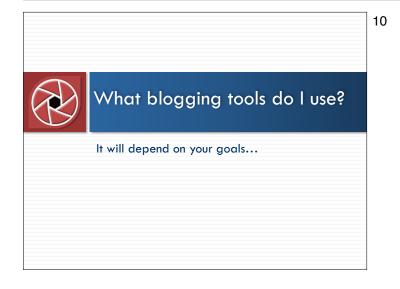
First, I will enter the title, and then the content. Now I'll upload the photograph. In the available blanks, I'll add a title and description.

Finally, I'll enter the meta-data. Notice that the title has been shortened to keep it under 60 characters.

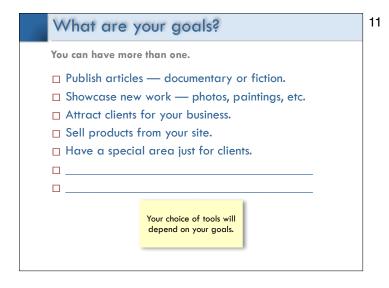


Forms for pages look almost like forms for posts. In WordPress, you do not assign tags or categories to pages. But, you can change their visual appearance by assigning a template. And you can categorize pages hierarchically.

Just remember that pages do not age and are predictably available to your followers at any time.



So, what blogging tool should you use? Well, it depends entirely on what you want to accomplish with a Web presence and how comfortable you are using Web technologies, such as CSS, HTML, PHP, and other programming languages.



Let's list some goals for your blog. What do you want to accomplish?

For instance, you may be a writer and want to self-publish your work.

Or, you're an artist and want to showcase your art.

Or, you may want to attract clients for your business.

Or, you may want to sell products from your site.

Or, you want a special area just for clients.

Or, you have several of these goals.



There are many tools you can use to start your blog, but I'm going to concentrate on just three tools, the big three.

Blogger at blogger.com.

Tumblr at tumblr.com.

WordPress at wordpress.com or wordpress.org.

These are all Web-based tools. That is, you interact with them using a Web browser. You do not need any special software on your computer.



On the next four slides, I will compare each tool against features I think are important to consider.

So, for Blogger, the cost for the tool is free.

Hosting is free, too.

Multiple design templates are available to change how the blog will look.

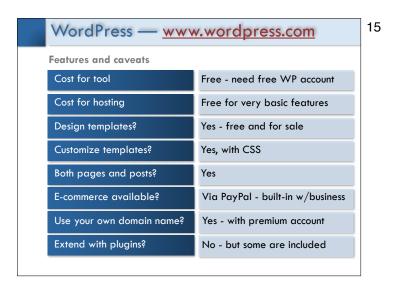
These design templates can be customized using CSS, or cascading style sheets.

You can create both posts AND pages.

You can use provided third-party extensions for e-commerce.



As you can see, Tumblr is very similar to Blogger.



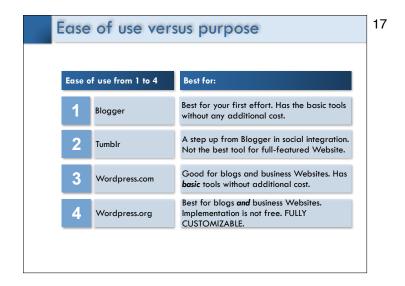
WordPress.com is a hosted solution, like Blogger and Tumblr. You get basic features with the free account. But if you pony up and pay for their premium or business levels, you get additional features.



From WordPress.org, you can download a complete installation of WordPress to your own server or to a shared hosting service, like GoDaddy or Network Solutions.

Why would you want to do this?
Because you gain complete control
over how your site looks and behaves.
Through plug-ins and widgets you can
extend your site to handle just about
anything you would want to do without
programming skills.

But, if there is not a plug-in that does just what you want, you can program a one-off solution just for your site. And, if it really works well, you can make it available to other WordPress users.



To sum it up, here is a table that compares ease of use versus what you want to accomplish.

Easiest to use is Blogger. It's best for your first effort. It has all the basic features you will need when starting out, without any additional cost. As an aside, if you want more functionality, you can export a Blogger site and import it into WordPress.

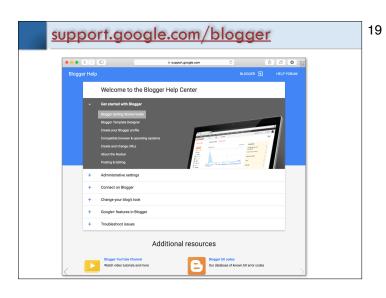
Only slightly more difficult to use is Tumblr. Tumblr has more social integration with Instagram, Pinterest, and other social media sites. However it, as well as Blogger, is not the best tool for full-featured Websites.

Next comes wordpress.com. It is good



So where should you go from here? Look at the Help files for each of the tools you are considering, as well as Google the tool to find third-party information.

What follows are some resources to help you decide which tool to use and how to make the most of it.



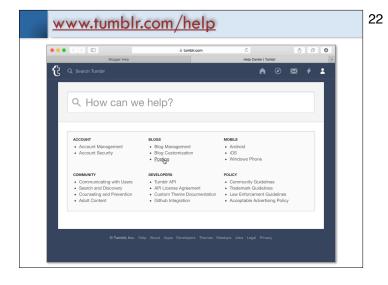
Google Blogger has really good user documentation. Go to support dot google dot com slash blogger. You will see a page similar to this one with timely topics that will help you get started, customize your site, and troubleshoot most problems that you may encounter.



The first thing you should read at the Blogger support site is the Blogger Getting Started Guide. It is the first link under Getting Started with Blogger. It will walk you through the steps to get your blog up and running as soon as possible.



Still need more information? Go to <a href="mailto:amazon.com">amazon.com</a> and search for "Google Blogger." Your search will return a list of books that may be helpful.



For Tumblr, go to <a href="www.tumblr.com/help">www.tumblr.com/help</a>. You will find all the basic information needed to get started with Tumblr. This Help is not as comprehensive as the information for Google Blogger. But it is sufficient to get you going.

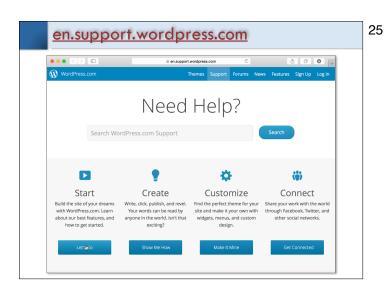


For more in-depth training on how to use Tumblr effectively, go to <u>lynda.com</u> and search for "Tumblr." That search will take you to a course called "Up and Running with Tumblr."

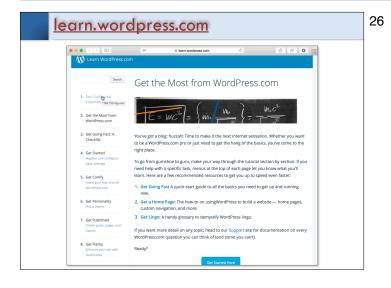
I love <u>lynda.com</u> and have purchased an annual subscription. If I need to learn something, I can usually find it on Lynda.



Need more information on Tumblr, then google "Using Tumblr" and check out the various results that are returned.



Wordpress.com does a good job of documenting how to make the best use of WordPress on their site. Go to en.support.wordpress.com. You will see a nicely organized page with both getting started information, as well as advanced concepts to help you gain a larger readership.



Clicking "Learn more" under Start takes you to an introductory article, "Get the Most from WordPress.com." This is a wonderful quick-start guide to get you blogging right a way.



To learn how to use a self-hosted WordPress site, search <u>lynda.com</u> for "WordPress." You will find many available courses, sorted by version number, level of expertise, and specific purpose your site is to address.



If you think WordPress is the best solution for you, but don't know whether you need a hosted or self-hosted version; then, check out this URL. It lays out important considerations you should think about as you make your decision.



Finally, <u>lynda.com</u> has a good blogging course called "Blogging for Your Business." It will cause you to think about how your blog will fit in with your overall business strategy, help you choose the right technology, and provide tips for creating engaging content.



Questions? You can e-mail me with your questions (using the address on the next slide). But please, google your question first and see if you can answer it on your own.



So, thank you for your attention. I'm Kit Horton, from William Horton Photography, and I can be reached at <a href="mailto:kit@horton.com">kit@horton.com</a>.

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